

# Profitable CO<sub>2</sub> capture for urban biomass CHP plants

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# Capsol at a glance

Accelerating the world's transition to a carbon-negative future

- CO<sub>2</sub> capture technology developer and licensor
- Highly competitive carbon capture technology – safe, flexible and cost-efficient
- Based on potassium carbonate as a solvent and applicable to all CO<sub>2</sub>-intensive industries worldwide
- Proven solution with 4 000+ operational hours
- Licensing directly to emitters or through global cooperation and partnerships
- Strong patent protection (11 patent families filed, of which 8 granted)
- Headquarter in Oslo/Norway – office recently opened in Berlin/Germany



Initiated  
**2003**

Euronext Growth  
**CAPSL**

Invested  
**NOK ~500m**

Capture plant efficiency  
**90-95%**

Capture plant uptime  
**>99%**



# HPC as a solvent

## Proven

HPC as an absorbent is thoroughly documented and used in hundreds of existing plants across the world.

## Low cost

Significantly less expensive than amines

## Oxygen resistant

No oxidative degradation and solvent losses

## Widely available

Potassium carbonate is commonly used in the food industry

## Non-carcinogenic

Captured CO<sub>2</sub> is totally free of degraded (potentially carcinogenic) amines

## No vapour pressure

No solvent in absorber clean gas outlet

## Safe

No hazard to environment or people



# Focusing on large industries with high CCS potential together with leading partners

## Cement

- Largest industrial emitter
- Hard to abate emissions with few or no other alternatives than CCS

## Biomass / Bio-Energy CCS

- Increasing need for carbon removal as the world lags path to net zero
- BECCS is considered the most viable carbon removal option

- Will expand into other industries
- The company has partnered with industry leaders enabling efficient delivery, cost reductions and increased market share

## Gas turbines

- Natural gas expected to be the longest-lasting hydrocarbon-based energy production
- CapsolGT® has the potential to significantly reduce capture cost, increasing the CCS opportunity

## Energy-from-Waste

- High potential impact by adding CCS to solution that already reduces emissions
- Strong growth outlook for the EfW industry



# Carbon capture technologies to support all industries based on Hot Potassium Carbonate (HPC)



## CapsolGo® demonstration units

**700 tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>/year**

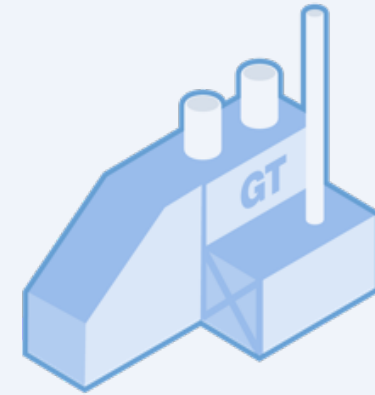
Mobile carbon capture demonstration unit with an all-inclusive package. Two units currently in operation in Germany.



## CapsolEoP® (End-of-Pipe)

**100 000+ tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>/year**

A full capture system for large-scale CO<sub>2</sub> emitting industries. First large-scale license agreement for BECCS (bio-energy carbon capture and storage) project in Sweden.



## CapsolGT® for gas turbines

**12 000 to 400 000+ tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>/year**

A carbon capture solution for simple-cycle gas turbines, enabling additional electricity generation. Applicable also when turbines are used for other industrial applications.

# First large-scale project won with Stockholm Exergi

## Europe's first large-scale negative emissions plant

- Stockholm Exergi provides power, district heating and cooling.
- The plant will make Stockholm the first carbon neutral capital and is supported with EUR 180 million from the EU Innovation Fund

## Capsol Technologies selected as the preferred solution

- Highly competitive economics and ease of EoP retrofit
- Proven technology and safety of HPC compared to amines
- Opportunity to recover heat from the carbon capture process for district heating



**800 000**  
tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per  
year (full-scale  
deployment)

**2026**  
operations planned to  
start

**EUR 180  
million**  
support from the EU  
Innovation Fund

# Proven traction with BECCS in Europe and the US

Awarded licensing agreement in Europe's first large-scale negative emissions plant

## Stockholm Exergi, Sweden



**800 000**

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year  
(full-scale deployment)

Capsol awarded technology licensing agreement for CapsolEoP™

## Biomass plant, Sweden



**~170 000**

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year  
(full-scale deployment)

Capsol awarded Front End Engineering Design (FEED) study with Norconsult

## United States



**~100 000**

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year  
(full-scale deployment)

Capsol executed feasibility study in 2022 and awarded pre-FEED study in 2023

## Germany



**~200 000**

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year  
(full-scale deployment)

Capsol awarded CapsolGo® demonstration campaign



**A creative and  
counterintuitive  
technology solution**



**Problem  
Solution**

# HPC for post combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture

## “The compression problem”

Problem statement:

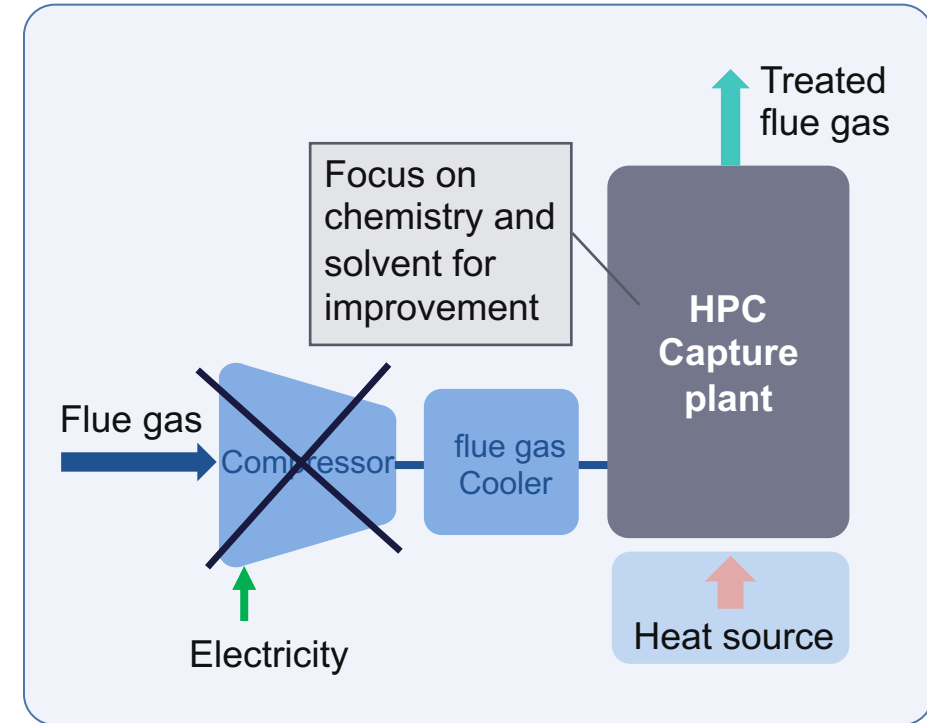
- Traditional HPC CO<sub>2</sub> capture does not work under ambient pressure conditions. Driving forces are too low. You need to compress flue gas to increase CO<sub>2</sub> partial pressure
- Flue gas compression requires large machines that use large amount of energy

Resulting in:

- Traditional HPC CO<sub>2</sub> capture for flue gases is considered too energy intensive

Conventional solutions:

- **Add more promoters**
- **Find new and more effective promoters that will make HPC work at ambient pressure**
- **Choose a different solvent**

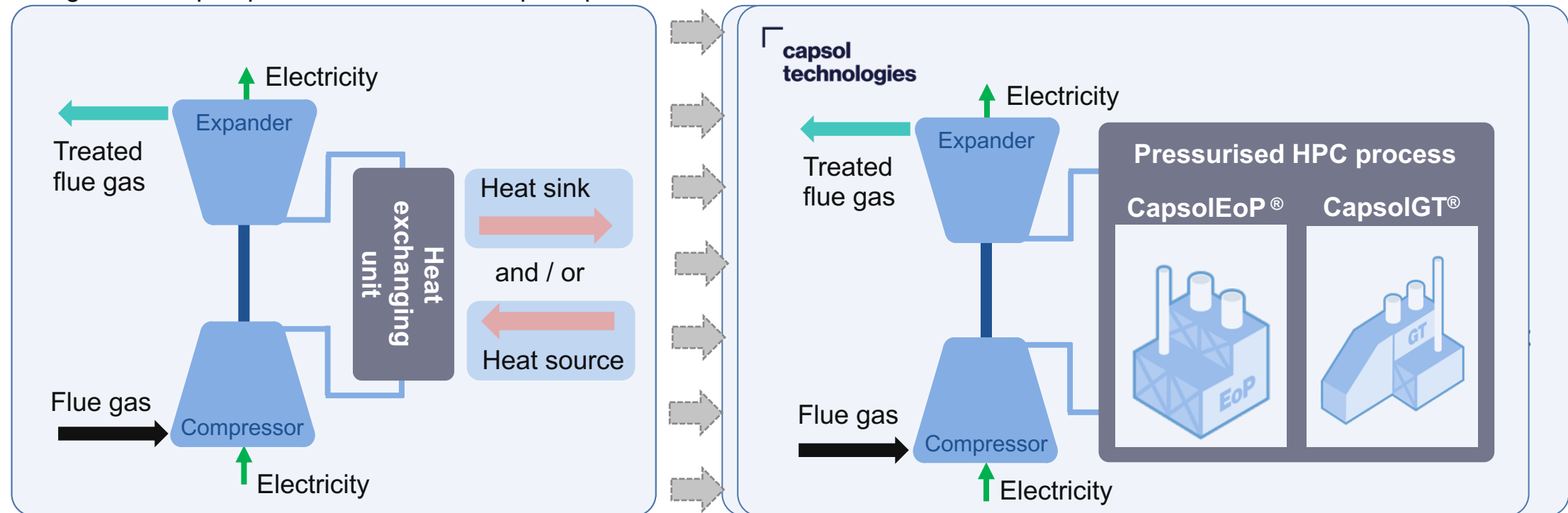


The conventional solutions see the flue gas compression as a problem and will try to avoid it.

# HPC for post combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture

## The creative and “counterintuitive” solution

- The counterintuitive solution is to look at the compression as an advantage for the capture process - not a disadvantage.  
- *It is not a problem, it is a solution*
- Adding an expander + tailoring the process to the conditions of the HPC absorption section creates a flexible combined heat engine / heat pump and a chemical absorption plant in one installation.



# CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup>

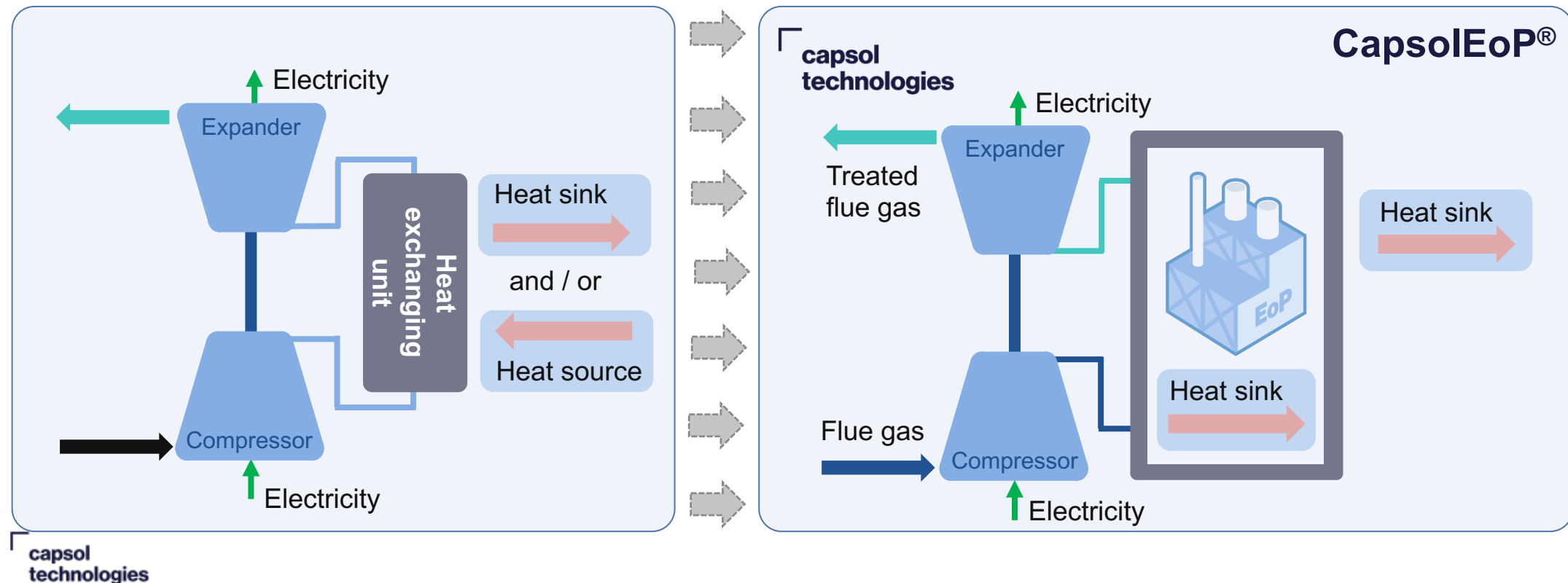
Efficient heat pumping and CO<sub>2</sub> capture. Using electricity to efficiently generate heat for internal HPC CO<sub>2</sub> capture process. Can be configured to deliver additional heat to ex. district heating.





# CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> – End of Pipe CO<sub>2</sub> Capture plant

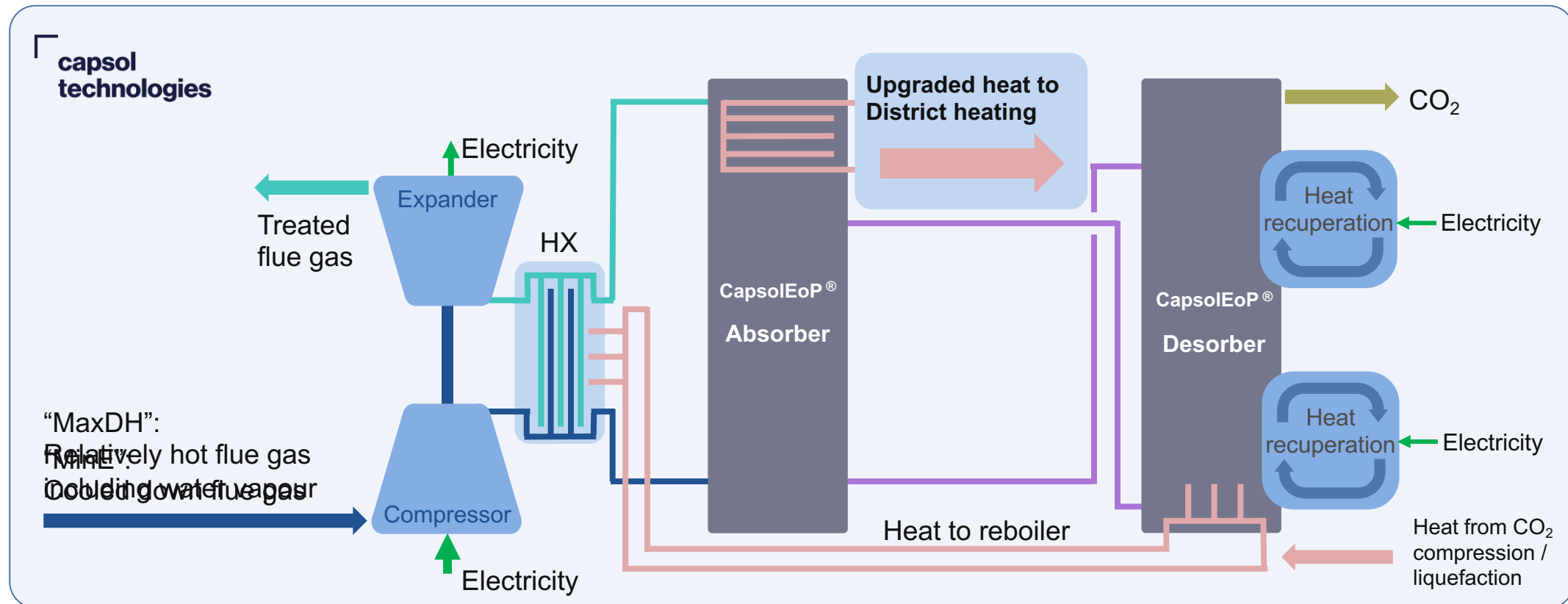
- Capsol EoP<sup>®</sup> is not just a chemical absorption plant with a different solvent
- The CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> is a **chemical absorption plant with an integrated heat pump** where the HPC absorption process acts as a heat sink as well as a possible heat source.



# CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> – Efficient heat pump and CO<sub>2</sub> capture plant

## *Delivering heat to district heating*

- CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> optimised for delivering maximum district heating is both a CO<sub>2</sub> capture plant and a very effective heat pump

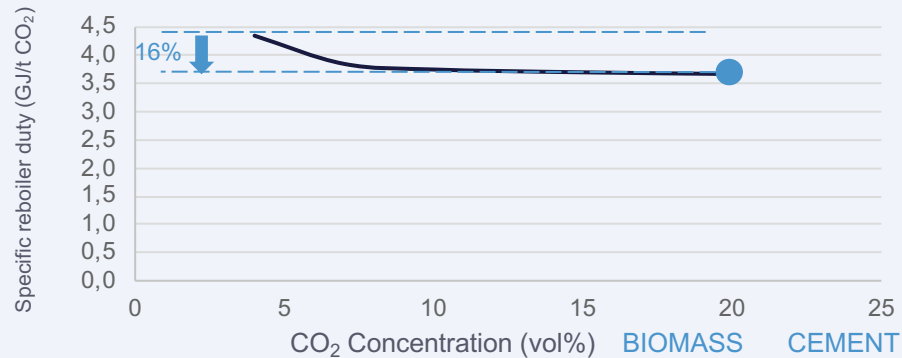


# CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> for biomass – superior energy efficiency

## Traditional post combustion absorption

- Energy requirement is predominantly heat
- Heat consumption is a weak function of CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

### Energy use as a function of CO<sub>2</sub> concentration (MEA)



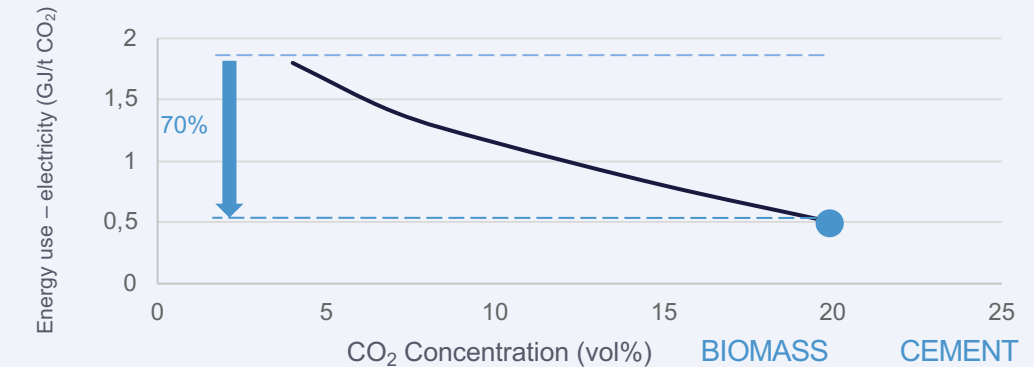
\*Energy use is the main operational cost of CO<sub>2</sub> capture

- The amount of heat needed is normally not available as waste heat from a biomass plant, i.e., live steam from needs to be extracted from the turbine

## CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> based on HPC

- Energy requirement is mostly electricity to pressurise flue gas
- Electricity consumption is a strong function of CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

### Energy use as a function of CO<sub>2</sub> concentration (CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup>)

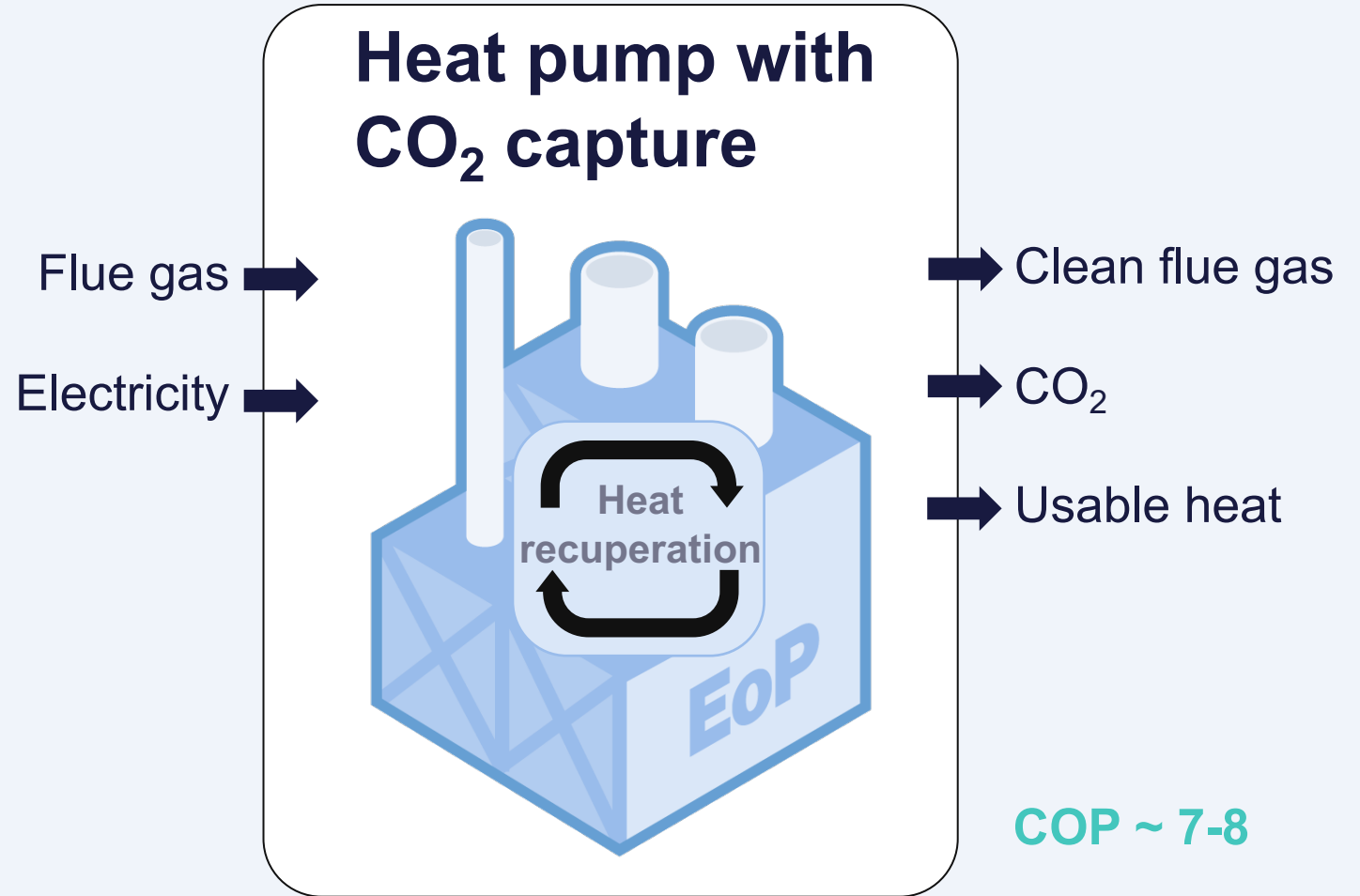


\*Energy use is the main operational cost of CO<sub>2</sub> capture

- Does not need additional heat, but can utilise what is available to further reduce total energy use

# CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup>

Efficient heat pumping and CO<sub>2</sub> capture. Using electricity to efficiently generate heat for internal HPC CO<sub>2</sub> capture process. Can be configured to deliver additional heat to ex. district heating.



COP = coefficient of performance



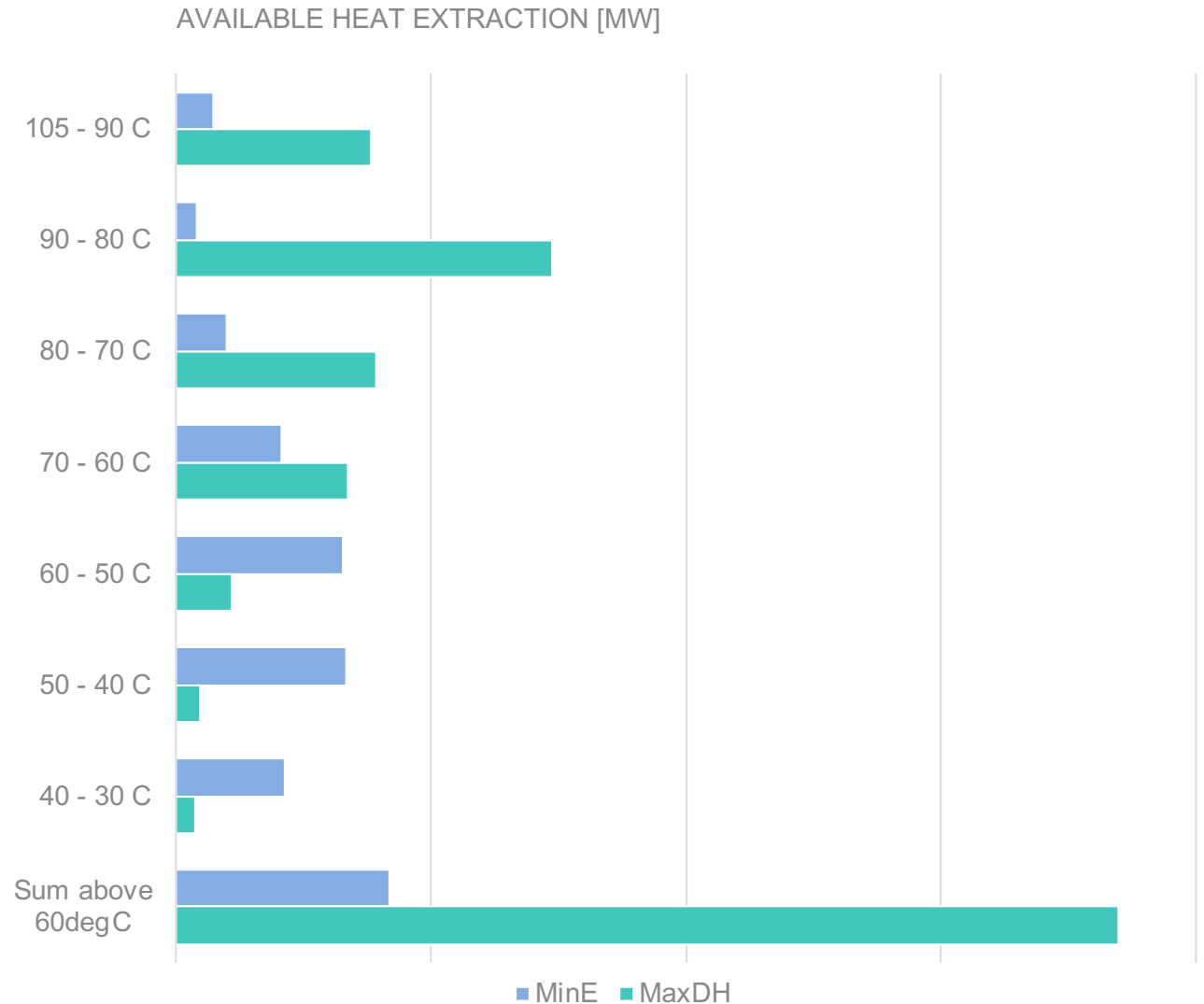
# Biomass power plant case example

- European site
- 20 MW electric power – 90% capture rate – approx. 160 000 tonnes/year CO<sub>2</sub>

Parameter	MinE configuration	MaxDH configuration
Cooling before compressor	30°C	55°C
Power demand*	5-6 MW	6-7 MW
Specific power demand	0,9 GJ/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>	1,2 GJ/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>
District heat generation	4-5 MW	18-20 MW
Cost of investment and energy	20-25 EUR/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>	5-10 EUR/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>
Energetic cost and revenue	5-10 EUR/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>	-10 EUR/tonne CO <sub>2</sub>

# Biomass CHP case example

- In the “MaxDH” configuration, an additional 1,5 MW of electricity would yield an additional 14 MW of available heat above 60°C
- → COP = 9,0
- Both configurations can be chosen operationally as required, e.g., MinE in summer and MaxDH in winter
- Only marginal additional cooling water demand



# CapsolGo<sup>®</sup> News



A 1 tpd containerised demonstration unit

# 4<sup>th</sup> CapsolGo<sup>®</sup> campaign awarded in Germany

- CapsolGo<sup>®</sup> demonstration campaign at EEW's Energy-from-Waste (EfW) plant in Hannover, Germany
- All-inclusive service with a testing and validation program, providing EEW with valuable data and information on CapsolEoP<sup>®</sup> (End-of-Pipe) capture technology
- EEW's 17 sites in Germany, Luxembourg and the Netherlands processing 5 million tonnes of waste per year. Approximately half of it consists of biogenic waste and half of fossil components
- EEW's plants generate process steam for industrial plants, district heating and environmentally sustainable power

5

months  
contract

280 000

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year  
(full-scale deployment)

Q4 2023

expected start-up of  
demonstration campaign





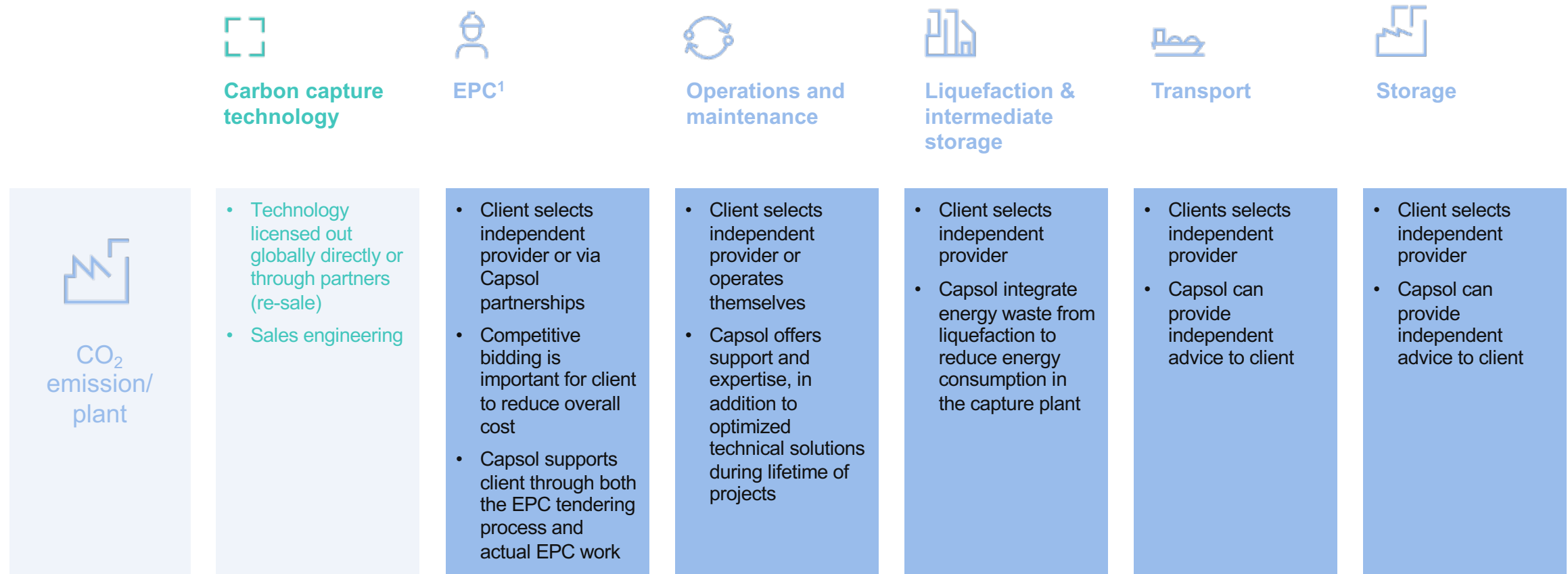
# HPC summary

- Hot Potassium Carbonate (HPC) is the most environmentally friendly CO<sub>2</sub> capture solvent in urban settings.
- Increased district heating sales largely offset capture costs and eliminate the usual cooling demand increase.
- Heat pump-based solvent regeneration allows fast and simple retrofitting of existing plants without steam extraction.

**Thank you**



# Capsol Technologies in the CCUS value chain



Supporting client through the value chain, but client remains free to choose providers